

1. Harry was so hungry after getting lost in the wilderness and starving for three days that he ate like a \_\_\_\_\_ wolf after being found by rescue workers.

- A. satiated      B. fortified      C. voracious      D. deficient

答案 (C) voracious a.貪吃的

命中單字：講義第三回 p.8

9. vor = eat, 表示“吃”

voracious a 貪食的 (vor+acious 多.....的) / voracity n  
Teenagers can have voracious appetites.  
a voracious reader

devour v 吞吃 (de 下去+vour [=vor]→吃下去→吞吃)  
The raging sea devoured the boat.

herbivorous a 草食性的 (herbi 草+vor+ous) / herbivore n  
Herbivorous animals, such as sheep, have very small canine teeth, or none.

carnivorous a 肉食性的 (carni 肉+vor+ous) / carnivore n  
Among the carnivorous animals are the leopard, lion, and tiger.

omnivorous a 雜食性的 (omni 全部+vor+ous→全部都吃→雜食性的) / omnivore n  
Brown bears are omnivorous, eating anything that they can get their paws on.

insectivorous a 食蟲的 (insect 昆蟲+i+vor+ous) / insectivore n  
An insectivorous plant, also called a carnivorous plant, captures prey items, such as insects and spiders.

10. am, amor, amat = love, 表示“愛，情愛”

拉丁文 amare

amatory a 戀愛的；色情的 (amat+ory→愛的)  
The amatory affairs of celebrities never fail to catch people's eye.

amiable a 和藹的，友善的 (ami+able 能...的→能愛的→親切的)  
The chauffeur is an amiable young man.

amicable a 友好的，溫和的 (am+ic+able→能愛的→友好的)  
The two parties have reached an amicable settlement.

amity n 友好，和睦 (am+ity 狀態→愛的狀態→和睦)  
Amity between the two nations will contribute to the prosperity of the region.

enmity n 敵意，仇恨 (en 進去+am+ity→合成 enmity, 愛太多, 由愛生恨)  
The wartime enmity of the two nations subsided into mutual trust when peace finally came.

4. If you write in \_\_\_\_\_, you may misspell some words.

- A. haste      B. vigor      C. casual      D. rigid

答案 (A) haste n. 匆忙

命中片語：講義第二回 p.16 in haste 匆忙地

<< Unit 8 >>

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| <p>1. guarantee <i>n.</i> 保證<br/>    <i>v.</i> 擔保;保證<br/>guaranteed <i>adj.</i> 必定的;保證的<br/>warranty <i>n.</i> 保證書, 保固</p> <p>2. guilty <i>adj.</i> 有罪的;愧疚的<br/>guilt <i>n.</i> 犯罪;罪惡感<br/>be guilty of ~ 犯了~罪</p> <p>3. handle <i>n.</i> 把手;把柄<br/>    <i>v.</i> 操作;處理<br/>handling charge 手續費</p> <p>4. harmony <i>n.</i> 和諧;一致<br/>harmonious <i>adj.</i> 和諧的<br/>in harmony with ~ 和~協調一致</p> <p>5. harsh <i>adj.</i> (1)粗糙的<br/>    (2)刺耳的<br/>    (3)嚴苛的<br/><span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">反義</span> smooth <i>adj.</i> 平順的</p> <p>6. haste <i>n.</i> 匆忙;急促<br/>hasten <i>v.</i> 趕緊;催促<br/>hasty <i>adj.</i> 匆忙的;倉促的<br/>hastily <i>adv.</i> 匆忙地;倉促地<br/><span style="border: 2px solid red; padding: 2px;">in haste</span> 匆忙地</p> <p>7. heel <i>n.</i> 腳後跟;底部<br/>    <i>v.</i> 緊跟著<br/>on/at someone's heels 緊跟著某人<br/>high heels 高跟鞋</p> | <p>8. hesitate <i>v.</i> 猶豫;疑慮<br/>hesitation <i>n.</i> 躊躇;猶豫<br/>hesitant <i>adj.</i> 遲疑的;躊躇的</p> <p>9. hinder <i>v.</i> 妨礙;阻礙<br/>hindrance <i>n.</i> 障礙</p> <p>10. horizon <i>n.</i> 地平線;眼界(+s)<br/>broaden one's horizons 增廣見聞<br/>horizontal <i>adj.</i> 水平的<br/><span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">反義</span> vertical <i>adj.</i> 垂直的</p> <p>11. hostile <i>adj.</i> 敵對的;不友善的<br/>hostility <i>n.</i> 敵意<br/><span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">反義</span> friendly <i>adj.</i> 友好的;支持的</p> <p>12. humble <i>adj.</i> 謙虛的;卑微的<br/>humility <i>n.</i> 謙遜<br/>be of humble birth 出身卑微</p> <p>13. hypothesis <i>n.</i> 假說<br/>hypotheses <i>n.</i> (複數形)<br/>hypothesize <i>v.</i> 假定<br/>hypothetical <i>adj.</i> 假設的</p> <p>14. identical <i>adj.</i> 完全相同的<br/>be identical to ~ 和~一模一樣</p> |
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7. Having a balanced diet and exercising regularly help to \_\_\_\_\_ physical health.  
A. maintain    B. contain    C. initiate    D. create

答案 (A) maintain v. 維持

命中單字：講義第三回 p.27

entertain v 招待，娛樂 (enter 進入+tain→接客人進入→招待) / entertainment n  
A museum should aim to entertain as well as educate.

detain v 阻攔，拘留 (de 向下+tain→拿下一拘留) / detention n  
Two suspects have been detained by the police for questioning.

maintain v 維持，堅持 (main[=man 手]+tain→用手拿住→維持) / maintenance n  
The hotel prides itself on maintaining high standards.

pertain v 屬於，有關 (per 始終+tain→始終拿著→屬於)

pertinent a 相關的，恰當的 / impertinent a 不相關的，無禮的  
There is an urgent need for legislation pertaining to employment rights.  
The last point is particularly pertinent to today's discussion.

obtain v 獲得，達到 (ob 加強動作+tain→拿到→獲得)  
You will need to obtain permission from your superior.

retain v 維持，保留 (re 回+tain→拿回來→保留) / retention n  
As a matter of fact, china dishes retain heat longer than metal ones do.

sustain v 支撐，扶養 (sus 下面+tain→在下面拿住→支撐)  
sustenance n 支撐，糧食  
These columns sustain the arches.  
Potatoes were their only means of sustenance.

tenable a (論點，主張) 站得住腳的 (ten+able→能拿住的) / untenable a 薄弱的  
This theory is untenable and susceptible to criticism.

tenacious a 固執的，堅持的 (ten+acious 多...的→拿住不放→固執的) / tenacity n  
He is a tenacious advocate of civil rights and freedom of speech.

tenure n 在職期間，佔有權，終身職 (ten+ure→拿住狀態→佔有權)  
It's becoming increasingly difficult to acquire academic tenure.

content n 內容 a 滿足的 (con 全部+tent→全部拿→內容) / contentment n 滿足  
discontent a 不滿的 (dis 不+content→不滿足的)  
His speech was brimming with flowery rhetoric yet meager in content.

abstain v 戒除，節制 (abs 離開+tin+ence→離開不再拿住→戒除) / abstinence n  
The doctor advised the patient to abstain from alcohol and smoking.

### 34. scend, scent = climb, 表示“爬，攀”

拉丁文 scandere

ascend v 登上，爬上 (a 向上+scend) / ascent n  
The road ascends steeply from the harbor.

descend v 下降，傳下 (de 向下+scend→向下爬) / descent n  
After 1970s, a continuous descent of birth rate is evident in many developed countries.

8. Sarah felt sick all morning, so she was \_\_\_\_\_ to join the class field trip.

- A. eager      B. obliged      C. stable      D. reluctant

答案 (D) reluctant a.不情願的

命中單字：講義第二回 p.40

<< Unit 20 >>

1. regulate *v.* 制定;規範;調節  
regulation *n.* 制定;規範;調節  
regular *adj.* 規律的;定期的  
traffic regulations 交通規則  
fire regulations 消防法規

2. reject *v.* 拒絕;排斥  
rejection *n.* 拒絕;退回

3. relax *v.* 放鬆;緩和  
relaxation *n.* 鬆弛;放鬆  
relaxed *adj.* 覺得輕鬆的;悠閒的  
relaxing *adj.* 令人輕鬆的;紓壓的

4. release *n. v.* (1)釋放;鬆開  
(2)發行;發表

5. religion *n.* 宗教;信仰  
religious *adj.* 宗教的

6. reluctant *adj.* 不情願;勉強的  
reluctance *n.* 不情願;勉強  
be reluctant to V 不願意做~

7. remark *n.* 言詞;談論  
*v.* 說;談論  
remarkable *adj.* 顯著的;非凡的  
remark on N 談論~

8. remind *v.* 提醒;使想起  
reminder *n.* 提示;提醒物  
remind someone of N 提醒某人~

9. remove *v.* 移開;去除  
removal *n.* 移開;去除

10. replace *v.* 取代;更換  
replaceable *adj.* 可替換的  
irreplaceable *adj.* 無法取代的  
replacement *n.* 替代品;替身  
replace A with B 用B取代A

11. reply *n. v.* 回答;答覆

12. request *n. v.* 要求;請求  
at someone's request  
by request of someone 應某人要求

13. require *v.* 需要;要求  
required *adj.* 必要的  
requirement *n.* 要求;必要條件  
minimum requirements 最低要求

10. He was doubtful of the future and would often \_\_\_\_\_ misfortune.

- A. anticipate    B. select    C. exhibit    D. approach

答案 (A) anticipate v. 預料

命中單字：講義第三回 p.18

concept n 概念

The concept of CSR is about how companies manage the business processes to produce an overall positive impact on society.

perceive v 察覺，理解 (per 穿越+ceive 拿→一切都在掌握之中→察覺，理解)

Children who do badly in school tests often perceive themselves to be failures.

receive v 接受，收到 (re 往回+ceive 拿→收到)

They will be entitled to receive unemployment benefit.

receipt n 收到，收據

A signed invoice presumes receipt of the shipment.

recipient n 接受者 (=receiver)

Names of prize recipients were listed on the notice.

conceit n 自豪，自大 / conceited a

Conceit is the enemy of progress.

anticipate v 預料，預期 (ante 前+cip 抓+ate→前面一開始就抓→預料)

It is anticipated that the research will have many different practical applications.

5. Home owners spend a considerable sum of money on interior decoration with a view \_\_\_\_\_ their houses beautiful.  
 A) in making; B) of making; C) to making; D) for making.

答案 (C) to making

命中班內課堂筆記：

考點片語「為了要.....」

with a view to / with an eye to + Ving

to / in order to / so as to / in a bid to / in an effort to / in an attempt to + V

16. “\_\_\_\_\_ pause to answer criticism of my work and ideas”. A) Do I seldom; B) Seldom do I; C) Seldom I do; D) none of the above.

答案 (B) Seldom do I

命中班內課堂筆記：

考點文法：「否定副詞」開頭，後面主要子句改為倒裝句。

例如：Never will I cheat you.

Hardly can I hear you.

underlying causes. It is unfortunate that demonstrations are taking place in Birmingham, but it is even more unfortunate that the city's white power structure left the Negro community with no 20 . . . In the midst of blatant injustices

20. A) obligation; B) initiative; C) segregation; D) alternative.

答案 (D) alternative n. 選擇

命中單字：講義第三回 p.67

98. alter, altern, ali = other, 表示“改變狀態，其他的”

拉丁文 alter

alter v 變更，改變 / alteration n

alterable a 可改變的 (alter+able) / unalterable a 不可改變的

The ship altered her course owing to an impending storm.

The unalterable rule of thumb in conducting business is courtesy and honesty.

alternate v 交替 (alter+ate) a 交替的 / alternation n

The nurse alternates hot and cold compresses.

That was a week of alternate rain and sunshine.

alternative n 選擇，替代方案 a 兩者擇一的，替代的

If payment is not received within five days, legal action will be our only alternative.

Acupuncture is widely used by practitioners of alternative medicine.

alien a 外國的，外來的；不相容的(+to)；完全不同的(+from)

n 外國人，外星人

Alien species can threaten the survival of local ones in a habitat.

Lying is alien to his nature.

The result was alien from what we had expected.

alienate v 疏遠 (alien 外來的+ate→視為外來者→疏遠) / alienation n

Presley's phenomenal early success alienated him from his friends.