

1. Harry was so hungry after getting lost in the wilderness and starving for three days that he ate like a _____ wolf after being found by rescue workers.

A. satiated B. fortified C. voracious D. deficient

答案 (C) voracious a.貪吃的

命中單字：講義第三回 p.8

9. vor = eat, 表示"吃"

voracious a 貪食的 (vor+acious 多.....的) / voracity n
Teenagers can have voracious appetites.
a voracious reader

devour v 吞吃 (de 下去+vour [=vor]→吃下去→吞吃)
The raging sea devoured the boat.

herbivorous a 草食性的 (herbi 草+vor+ous) / herbivore n
Herbivorous animals, such as sheep, have very small canine teeth, or none.

carnivorous a 肉食性的 (carni 肉+vor+ous) / carnivore n
Among the carnivorous animals are the leopard, lion, and tiger.

omnivorous a 雜食性的 (omni 全部+vor+ous→全部都吃→雜食性的) / omnivore n
Brown bears are omnivorous, eating anything that they can get their paws on.

insectivorous a 食蟲的 (insect 昆蟲+i+vor+ous) / insectivore n
An insectivorous plant, also called a carnivorous plant, captures prey items, such as insects and spiders.

10. am, amor, amat = love, 表示"愛，情愛"

拉丁文 amare

amatory a 戀愛的；色情的 (amat+ory→愛的)
The amatory affairs of celebrities never fail to catch people's eye.

amiable a 和藹的，友善的 (ami+able 能...的→能愛的→親切的)
The chauffeur is an amiable young man.

amicable a 友好的，溫和的 (am+ic+able→能愛的→友好的)
The two parties have reached an amicable settlement.

amity n 友好，和睦 (am+ity 狀態→愛的狀態→和睦)
Amity between the two nations will contribute to the prosperity of the region.

enmity n 敵意，仇恨 (en 進去+am+ity→合成 enmity, 愛太多, 由愛生恨)
The wartime enmity of the two nations subsided into mutual trust when peace finally came.

4. If you write in _____, you may misspell some words.

- A. haste B. vigor C. casual D. rigid

答案 (A) haste n. 匆忙

命中片語：講義第二回 p.16 in haste 匆忙地

<< Unit 8 >>

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>1. guarantee <i>n.</i> 保證
 <i>v.</i> 擔保;保證
guaranteed <i>adj.</i> 必定的;保證的
warranty <i>n.</i> 保證書, 保固</p> <p>2. guilty <i>adj.</i> 有罪的;愧疚的
guilt <i>n.</i> 犯罪;罪惡感
be guilty of ~ 犯了~罪</p> <p>3. handle <i>n.</i> 把手;把柄
 <i>v.</i> 操作;處理
handling charge 手續費</p> <p>4. harmony <i>n.</i> 和諧;一致
harmonious <i>adj.</i> 和諧的
in harmony with ~ 和~協調一致</p> <p>5. harsh <i>adj.</i> (1)粗糙的
 (2)刺耳的
 (3)嚴苛的
[反義] smooth <i>adj.</i> 平順的</p> <p>6. haste <i>n.</i> 匆忙;急促
hasten <i>v.</i> 趕緊;催促
hasty <i>adj.</i> 匆忙的;倉促的
hastily <i>adv.</i> 匆忙地;倉促地
in haste 匆忙地</p> <p>7. heel <i>n.</i> 腳後跟;底部
 <i>v.</i> 緊跟著
on/at someone's heels 緊跟著某人
high heels 高跟鞋</p> | <p>8. hesitate <i>v.</i> 猶豫;疑慮
hesitation <i>n.</i> 躊躇;猶豫
hesitant <i>adj.</i> 遲疑的;躊躇的</p> <p>9. hinder <i>v.</i> 妨礙;阻礙
hindrance <i>n.</i> 障礙</p> <p>10. horizon <i>n.</i> 地平線;眼界(+s)
broaden one's horizons 增廣見聞
horizontal <i>adj.</i> 水平的
[反義] vertical <i>adj.</i> 垂直的</p> <p>11. hostile <i>adj.</i> 敵對的;不友善的
hostility <i>n.</i> 敵意
[反義] friendly <i>adj.</i> 友好的;支持的</p> <p>12. humble <i>adj.</i> 謙虛的;卑微的
humility <i>n.</i> 謙遜
be of humble birth 出身卑微</p> <p>13. hypothesis <i>n.</i> 假說
hypotheses <i>n.</i> (複數形)
hypothesize <i>v.</i> 假定
hypothetical <i>adj.</i> 假設的</p> <p>14. identical <i>adj.</i> 完全相同的
be identical to ~ 和~一模一樣</p> |
|--|--|

7. Having a balanced diet and exercising regularly help to _____ physical health.
A. maintain B. contain C. initiate D. create

答案 (A) maintain v. 維持

命中單字：講義第三回 p.27

entertain v 招待，娛樂 (enter 進入+tain→接客人進入→招待) / entertainment n
A museum should aim to entertain as well as educate.

detain v 阻攔，拘留 (de 向下+tain→拿下→拘留) / detention n
Two suspects have been detained by the police for questioning.

maintain v 維持，堅持 (main[=man 手]+tain→用手拿住→維持) / maintenance n
The hotel prides itself on maintaining high standards.

pertain v 屬於，有關 (per 始終+tain→始終拿著→屬於)

pertinent a 相關的，恰當的 / impertinent a 不相關的，無禮的
There is an urgent need for legislation pertaining to employment rights.
The last point is particularly pertinent to today's discussion.

obtain v 獲得，達到 (ob 加強動作+tain→拿到→獲得)
You will need to obtain permission from your superior.

retain v 維持，保留 (re 回+tain→拿回來→保留) / retention n
As a matter of fact, china dishes retain heat longer than metal ones do.

sustain v 支撐，扶養 (sus 下面+tain→在下面拿住→支撐)
sustenance n 支撐，糧食
These columns sustain the arches.
Potatoes were their only means of sustenance.

tenable a (論點，主張) 站得住腳的 (ten+able→能拿住的) / untenable a 薄弱的
This theory is untenable and susceptible to criticism.

tenacious a 固執的，堅持的 (ten+acious 多....的→拿住不放→固執的) / tenacity n
He is a tenacious advocate of civil rights and freedom of speech.

tenure n 在職期間，佔有權，終身職 (ten+ure→拿住狀態→佔有權)
It's becoming increasingly difficult to acquire academic tenure.

content n 內容 a 滿足的 (con 全部+tent→全部拿→內容) / contentment n 滿足
discontent a 不滿的 (dis 不+content→不滿足的)
His speech was brimming with flowery rhetoric yet meager in content.

abstain v 戒除，節制 (abs 離開+tin+ence→離開不再拿住→戒除) / abstinence n
The doctor advised the patient to abstain from alcohol and smoking.

34. scend, scent = climb, 表示“爬，攀”

拉丁文 scandere

ascend v 登上，爬上 (a 向上+scend) / ascent n
The road ascends steeply from the harbor.

descend v 下降，傳下 (de 向下+scend→向下爬) / descent n
After 1970s, a continuous descent of birth rate is evident in many developed countries.

8. Sarah felt sick all morning, so she was _____ to join the class field trip.

- A. eager B. obliged C. stable D. reluctant

答案 (D) reluctant a.不情願的

命中單字：講義第二回 p.40

<< Unit 20 >>

1. regulate *v.* 制定;規範;調節
regulation *n.* 制定;規範;調節
regular *adj.* 規律的;定期的
traffic regulations 交通規則
fire regulations 消防法規

2. reject *v.* 拒絕;排斥
rejection *n.* 拒絕;退回

3. relax *v.* 放鬆;緩和
relaxation *n.* 鬆弛;放鬆
relaxed *adj.* 覺得輕鬆的;悠閒的
relaxing *adj.* 令人輕鬆的;紓壓的

4. release *n. v.* (1)釋放;鬆開
(2)發行;發表

5. religion *n.* 宗教;信仰
religious *adj.* 宗教的

6. reluctant *adj.* 不情願;勉強的
reluctance *n.* 不情願;勉強
be reluctant to V 不願意做~

7. remark *n.* 言詞;談論
v. 說;談論
remarkable *adj.* 顯著的;非凡的
remark on N 談論~

8. remind *v.* 提醒;使想起
reminder *n.* 提示;提醒物
remind someone of N 提醒某人~

9. remove *v.* 移開;去除
removal *n.* 移開;去除

10. replace *v.* 取代;更換
replaceable *adj.* 可替換的
irreplaceable *adj.* 無法取代的
replacement *n.* 替代品;替身
replace A with B 用B取代A

11. reply *n. v.* 回答;答覆

12. request *n. v.* 要求;請求
at someone's request
by request of someone 應某人要求

13. require *v.* 需要;要求
required *adj.* 必要的
requirement *n.* 要求;必要條件
minimum requirements 最低要求

10. He was doubtful of the future and would often _____ misfortune.

A. anticipate B. select C. exhibit D. approach

答案 (A) anticipate v. 預料

命中單字：講義第三回 p.18

concept n 概念

The concept of CSR is about how companies manage the business processes to produce an overall positive impact on society.

perceive v 察覺，理解 (per 穿越+ceive 拿→一切都在掌握之中→察覺，理解)

Children who do badly in school tests often perceive themselves to be failures.

receive v 接受，收到 (re 往回+ceive 拿→收到)

They will be entitled to receive unemployment benefit.

receipt n 收到，收據

A signed invoice presumes receipt of the shipment.

recipient n 接受者 (=receiver)

Names of prize recipients were listed on the notice.

conceit n 自豪，自大 / conceited a

Conceit is the enemy of progress.

anticipate v 預料，預期 (ante 前+cip 抓+ate→前面一開始就抓→預料)

It is anticipated that the research will have many different practical applications.

5. Home owners spend a considerable sum of money on interior decoration with a view _____ their houses beautiful.
A) in making; B) of making; C) to making; D) for making.

答案 (C) to making

命中班內課堂筆記：

考點片語「為了要.....」

with a view to / with an eye to + Ving

to / in order to / so as to / in a bid to / in an effort to / in an attempt to + V

16. “_____ pause to answer criticism of my work and ideas”. A) Do I seldom; B) Seldom do I; C) Seldom I do; D) none of the above.

答案 (B) Seldom do I

命中班內課堂筆記：

考點文法：「否定副詞」開頭，後面主要子句改為倒裝句。

例如：Never will I cheat you.

Hardly can I hear you.

underlying causes. It is unfortunate that demonstrations are taking place in Birmingham, but it is even more unfortunate that the city's white power structure left the Negro community with no 20 . . . In the midst of blatant injustices

20. A) obligation; B) initiative; C) segregation; D) alternative.

答案 (D) alternative n. 選擇

命中單字：講義第三回 p.67

98. alter, altern, ali = other, 表示“改變狀態，其他的”

拉丁文 alter

alter v 變更，改變 / alteration n

alterable a 可改變的 (alter+able) / unalterable a 不可改變的

The ship altered her course owing to an impending storm.

The unalterable rule of thumb in conducting business is courtesy and honesty.

alternate v 交替 (alter+ate) a 交替的 / alternation n

The nurse alternates hot and cold compresses.

That was a week of alternate rain and sunshine.

alternative n 選擇，替代方案 a 兩者擇一的，替代的

If payment is not received within five days, legal action will be our only alternative.

Acupuncture is widely used by practitioners of alternative medicine.

alien a 外國的，外來的；不相容的(+to)；完全不同的(+from)

n 外國人，外星人

Alien species can threaten the survival of local ones in a habitat.

Lying is alien to his nature.

The result was alien from what we had expected.

alienate v 疏遠 (alien 外來的+ate→視為外來者→疏遠) / alienation n

Presley's phenomenal early success alienated him from his friends.

7. At a time when tension is high and so much is unknown, the company's spokesperson declined to _____ on the cause of the recent incident.
A) nominate B) persevere C) ridicule D) speculate

答案 (D) speculate v. 推測

命中單字：講義第三回 p.2

suspicious a 多疑的，存疑的
She gave him a suspicious glance.

spectacle n 奇觀，場面 (spect+acle→看到的東西→奇觀)
The spectacle greatly excited us at the time.

spectacular a 壯觀的 (spect+acular...的)
This mountain resort is known for its spectacular view of sunrise.

spectator n 觀眾，旁觀者 (spect+ator 人→看的人→觀眾)
The spectators began to disassemble.

speculate v 推測，投機 (spec+ulate→看準了→推測，投機)
He speculated that this joint venture might lead to a success.
Some people speculate on the stock market for overnight wealth.

auspice n 吉兆，前兆 (au 鳥+spice→看到鳥[喜鵲]→吉兆)；贊助
Auspices for the mission seemed favorable.
This concert has been arranged under the auspices of the corporation.

conspicuous a 顯眼的 (con 共同+spic+uous→大家都看見→顯眼的)
The notice must be displayed in a conspicuous place.

despise v 鄙視 (de 向下+spise→向下看→鄙視)
He claims to despise riches.

despicable a 可鄙的 (de 向下+spic+able)
It is despicable to betray one's country.

specimen n 標本
This museum has a wide variety of butterfly specimens.

2. vis, vid = see, 表示“看”

vision n 視力，眼界
Tears blurred her vision.

visible a 看得見的
The comet is visible to the naked eye.

visual a 視覺的
Artists translate their ideas into visual images.

visualize v 想像 (visual 視覺的+ize→視覺化→想像)
Try to visualize how the house will look when it's finished.

advise v 忠告，勸告 (ad 使+vis+e 使別人看到→勸告) / advice n
Let me advise you on technical issues.

More recently, three professors analyzed the performance of sales employees at 214 American companies. Their data show that the best salespeople were more 15 to be promoted and perform poorly as managers. *The Peter Principle* is real.

15. A) about B) readily C) likely D) concerned

答案 (C) likely a. 有可能的

命中單字：講義第二回 p.60

<< Unit 30 >>

1. indulge v. 沉迷；縱容 (+in)

indulgence n. 沉迷；縱容

indulgent a. 沉迷；縱容

indulge (oneself) in 沉迷於

2. dispense v. 分配；

丟棄，省掉 (+with)

indispensable a. 不可或缺的 (+to)

3. inherit v. 繼承；遺傳

inheritance n. 繼承；遺傳

inherent a. 天生的；固有的 (+in)

inherently adv. 天生地；固有地

4. initiate v. 開始著手

initiation n. 開始著手

initial a. 最初的

initiative n. 率先；主導權

take the initiative 率先，主動

5. innumerable a. 無數的，很多的

6. juvenile a. 青少年的 n. 青少年

juvenile literature 青少年文學

juvenile court 少年法庭

juvenile delinquency 青少年犯罪

7. legislate v. 立法

legislation n. 立法

legislative a. 立法的

legislator n. 立法委員

Legislative Yuan 立法院

8. likely a. 有可能的

likelihood n. 可能性

in all likelihood 極有可能

9. lonesome a. 寂寞的

10. malicious a. 惡意的

maliciously adv. 惡意地

malice n. 惡意

11. manifest v. 顯示 a. 明顯的

manifestation n. 顯示

12. margin n. 頁邊；邊緣

marginal a. 在邊緣的；不重要的

些微的

marginally adv. 些微地

4. Many people drive _____. They stick to the vehicle in front or overtake before crossroads, not respecting the speed limit.
A. exclusively B. operationally C. individually D. aggressively

答案 (D) aggressively adv. 有侵略性地

命中單字：講義第三回 p.29

36. gress = go, walk, 表示“行走”

拉丁文 gradi, gradus

aggression n 侵略，攻擊 (ag 加強語氣→gress+ion→用力走進去→侵略)

The raid was an unjustifiable act of aggression.

aggressive a 侵略的，好鬥的，進取的 (ag+gress+ive) / aggressor n
Aggressive behavior is a sign of emotional distress.

congress n 國會，代表大會 (con 一起+gress→走在一起，共聚一堂→代表大會)

Congress is the legislative branch of the U.S. government.

digress v 離題 (di 偏離+gress→走偏離→離題) / digression n

The meeting digressed from the subject under discussion.

progress n/v 進步，進行 (pro 向前+gress→向前走→前進) / progressive a

The two countries are making steady progress towards a peace settlement.

transgress v 踰越，違法 (trans 橫越+gress→橫越走過界→違法) / transgression n

For two millennia, exogamy was a major transgression for Jews.

regress v 倒退，退步 (re 向後+gress→倒退) / regression n

retrogress v 倒退，退步 (retro 向後+gress→倒退) / retrogression n

Excessive exposure to TV and the Internet can cause regression in a pupil's learning process.

6. In the medieval times, English soldiers believed that an army attacking a castle could supernatural forces to their aid if they marched counter-clockwise around the castle walls.
A. expel B. amend C. recline D. invoke

答案 (D) invoke v. 祈求

命中單字：講義第三回 p.6

7. voc, vok = call, voice, 表示“叫喊，聲音”

vocal a 聲音的

The tongue is a vocal organ.
vocal training / vocal music.

vocation n 職業，使命 (voc+ation→受到召喚→使命)

He struggled for years to find his true vocation.
She felt a sense of vocation to help the poor.

vocabulary n 詞彙 (vocabul+ary→詞彙)

Most technical jobs use a specialized vocabulary.

advocate n 擁護者 v 擁護，倡導 (ad 增強+voc+ate→增強聲音→擁護)

Those who advocate doctor-assisted suicide say the terminally ill should not have to suffer.

convoke v 召集 (con 一起+vok+e→喊到一起) / convocation n

The president of the board of directors convoked a conference to discuss the future of the company.

revoke v 取消，撤回 (re 回+vok+e→喊回來→取消) / revocation n

His driver's license has been revoked.

irrevocable a 不能改變的 (ir 不+revocable→不可廢除的)

His life was set on an irrevocable course.
an irrevocable decision / change / loss

evoke v 喚出，喚起 (e 出+vok+e)

The photographs evoked pleasant memories of our holidays in France.
His speech evoked a hostile response.

equivocal a 模稜兩可的 (equi 平等+voc+al→同樣的聲音→模稜兩可的)

On matters of principle we should be clear-cut in attitude, and by no means be equivocal.

equivocate v 含糊其詞 (equi+voc+ate)

The stranger equivocated about his real purpose of visiting.

invoke v 祈求，實施(引用)法令 (in 進+vok+e 喊進去→請求) / invocation n

The UN threatened to invoke economic sanctions if the talks were broken off.

provoke v 激起，激怒 (pro 前面+vok+e→到別人面前喊→激怒)

This incident has provoked fierce debate in the US.

provocative a 激怒人的 (pro+voc+ative)

provocative comment / remark / statement

7. With everyone's combined efforts and dedication, we could _____ complete the project a week ahead of schedule.

A. spontaneously B. conceivably C. rationally D. sequentially

答案 (B) conceivably adv. 可想像地

命中單字：講義第三回 p.18

intercept v 攔截，阻止 (inter 在...中間+cept 拿住→攔截)

The police successfully intercepted drugs being smuggled over the border.

precept n 戒律，教訓 (pre 事先+cept 拿→事先就拿來遵守→戒律)

Example is better than precept. (諺)身教勝於言教

receptacle n 容器 (re 再+cept 拿+acle 物品→可再拿東西的物品→容器)

Please put your cigarette ends into the receptacle provided.

except prep 除外 (ex 出→cept 拿→拿出)

I can resist everything except temptation.

exception n 例外

There are exceptions to every rule.

exceptional a 例外的，傑出的

Everyone was impressed by the little boy's exceptional bravery.

susceptible a 易受影響的 (sus 向下+cept 拿+ible)

Older people are more susceptible to infections.

conceive v 想像，構想，懷孕，抱有 (想法) (con 一起+ceive 拿→精卵結合→懷孕)

Scientists first conceived the idea of the atomic bomb in the 1930's.

conceivable a 可想像的

It is advisable to brainstorm and approach an issue from every conceivable angle.

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anticipate v 預料，預期 (ante 前+cip 抓+ate→前面一開始就抓→預料)

It is anticipated that the research will have many different practical applications.

- 1 Meeting a coworker who was staying at the same hotel while on vacation was a real ____.
- A) deliberate C) path
B) coincidence D) unconditional

答案 (B) coincidence n. 巧合

命中單字：講義第三回 p.58

82. cad, cas, cid = fall, 表示“落下，降臨”

拉丁文 cadere

casual a 偶然的，隨便的，輕鬆的 (cas+ual→落下的→(不是安排好的)→偶然的)

She's an easy-going, friendly young lady with a casual attitude towards life.

casualty n 事故，災難，傷亡人數 (casual+ty→突然落下的事→事故)

Our aim is to reduce road casualties by enforcing strict traffic regulations.

occasion n 場合，時機，起因 (oc 使+cas 落下+ion→使...落下→時機)

He seized the occasion to express his gratitude for her help.

decay n v 衰退，腐敗 (de 向下+cay=落下→向下掉→衰退) / decayed a

Most archaeological finds are broken, damaged, or decayed.

coincide v 巧合，一致，同時發生 (co 一起+in 進去+cid 落下) / coincidence n

The exhibition coincides with the 50th anniversary of this museum.

incident n 偶然事件 (in 進去+cid 落下+ent)

This incident ignited a firestorm of criticism.

the Occident n 西方 (oc 使+cid 落+ent→使太陽落下→西方) / Occidental a

the Orient n 東方 (ori, orig = rise, begin→使太陽升起→東方) / Oriental a

The man was tall with Oriental features and striking, turquoise eyes.

83. doc, doct = to teach, 表示“教”

拉丁文 docere

doctor n 博士，醫生 (doct 教+or→教的人→有學問的人→博士)

doctoral a 博士的

He is preoccupied with his doctoral dissertation.

- 5 The orchestra receives two million dollars a year in ____ from various companies.
- A) scholarship C) sponsorship
B) fellowship D) companionship

答案 (C) sponsorship n. 贊助

命中單字：講義第二回 p.44

<< Unit 22 >>

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>1. specific adj. 特殊的;獨有的
specifically adv. 明確地;具體地
specify v. 明確指定
specifications n. 詳細規格
be specific to ~ 是~特有的</p> <p>2. spice n. 香料;調味料
the spice of life 生活的調劑</p> <p>3. spirit n. 精神;心靈
spiritual adj. 精神的;心靈的
反義 flesh n. 肉體;肉身
in spirit 在精神上</p> <p>4. splendid adj. 燦爛的;輝煌的
splendor n. 光輝;光彩</p> <p>5. split v. 切開;分離
split - split - split
split up 絕交;斷絕關係</p> <p>6. sponsor n. 發起人;贊助者
v. 發起;贊助
sponsorship n. 贊助</p> <p>7. square n. (1)正方形;方塊
(2)廣場
adj. 方形的;平方的
square kilometer 平方公里</p> | <p>8. starve v. 使挨餓;餓死
starvation n. 飢餓;飢荒
starving adj. 飢餓的
die of starvation 餓死</p> <p>9. state v. 陳述;說明
statement n. 敘述;聲明
a public statement 公開聲明</p> <p>10. stationery n. 文具
stationer n. 文具商
相似字 stationary adj. 固定不動的</p> <p>11. statistics n. (1)統計(數據)
(2)統計學
statistical adj. 統計上的</p> <p>12. steep adj. (1)陡峭;險峻的
(2)價格太高的
a steep rise in prices 物價飛漲</p> <p>13. stimulate v. 刺激;促進
stimulation n. 刺激;鼓舞
stimulus n. 刺激;刺激物</p> |
|--|---|

- 15 A lot of people say the quality of their sleep is not good _____ stress.
A) as in C) because
B) in spite of D) due to

答案 (D) 因為, 由於 + N / Ving
命中片語: 講義第一回 p.5

重要補充

(1) as = when + SV

= because / as / since / for / in that + SV

= 如同、身為、當作、作為 + SV 或 + N

____ (1) _____ it was raining heavily, we decided to stay home.

____ (2) _____ the heavy rain, we decided to stay home.

(2) because of = due to = owing to = on account of = as a result of + N / Ving

genus n 屬 (gen+us)

kingdom 界 / phylum 門 / class 綱 / order 目 / family 科 / genus 屬 / species 種

generic a 一般的，通稱的 (gen+eric)

Fine Arts is a generic term for subjects such as painting, music and sculpture.

genuine a 真正的，真誠的 (genu+ine)

This medal is made of genuine gold.

ingenuous a 天真的，老實的 (in 內+genu+ous 產生自內心→天真的)

She looked at him with an ingenuous smile.

genius n 天才，天份 (geni+us→生出就會→天才)

Thomas Edison was a great genius inventor of the electrical age.

ingenious a 聰明的，有創造力的 (in 內+geni+ous 天生就有才→聰明的)

Many fish species have ingenious ways of protecting their eggs from predators.

eugenics n 優生學 (eu 好+gen+ics→產生好的→優生學)

An example of eugenics would be the attempt to eradicate a harmful recessive gene.

congenial a 意氣相投的 (con 一起+gen+ial→產生一起的興趣→意氣相投的)

In this small village he found few people congenial to him.

congenital a 天生的 (con 一起+gen+ital→與生俱來→天生的)

He has a congenital heart defect.

progenitor n 祖先 (pro 向前+genit+or→向前產生的執行者→祖先)

Schoenberg was a progenitor of modern music.

progeny n 子孫，後代 (pro 向前+gen+y→向前產生的結果→子孫)

Genetic characteristics can be passed onto one's progeny.

genial a 和藹的，愉快的 (gen+ial→產生[感情]的→和藹的)

Her genial disposition warms the hearts of people around her.

indigenous a 土產的，當地的 (indi 內部+gen+ous→內部產生→土產的)

Blueberries are indigenous to America.

homogeneous a 同種的，同性質的 (homo 同+gen+eous) / homogeneity n

homogeneous system / product / culture / nature / reaction

heterogeneous a 不同種的，不同性質的 (hetero 異+gen+eous) / heterogeneity n

heterogeneous system / product / culture / nature / reaction

genre n 類型，流派 (藝術類型)

Rock and roll is a popular genre of music.

genteel a 高雅的，上流的 (gent+eel→出身好的→高雅的，gentle 的變體)

She came from a genteel, aristocratic family.